

# Reality and Perceptions about Climate Change in New Hampshire

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**@TheClimateDr**

**<http://CarbonSolutionsNE.org>**

**Coastal NH Climate Summit, Greenland NH**

**#nhcoastalclimate**

“Although they produce distinct types of challenges, climate change, energy security, and economic stability are inextricably linked”



<http://www.defense.gov/qdr/>

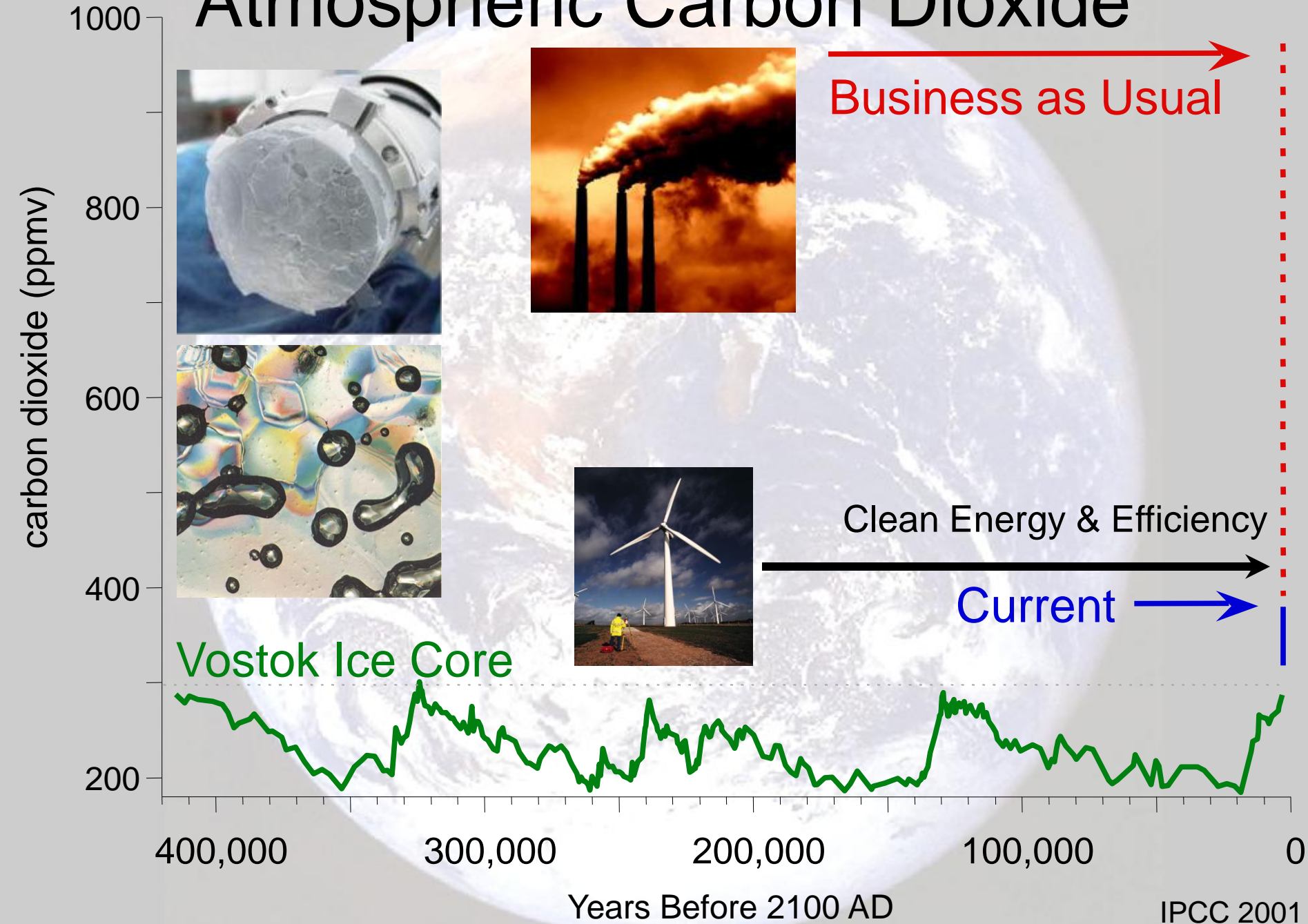


## 2013 Worldwide Threat Assessment US Intelligence Community

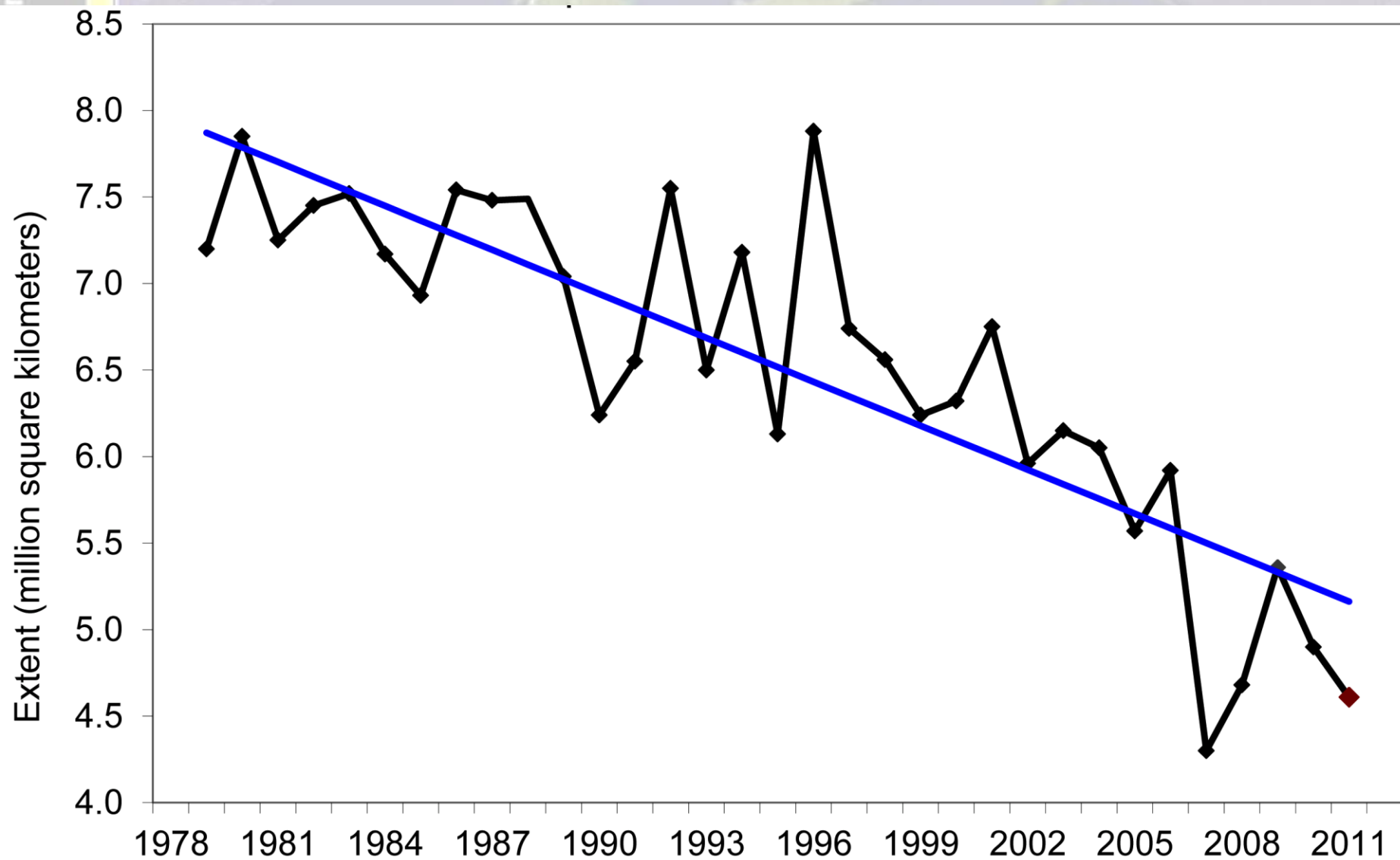
Climate change, food insecurity, & drought  
fuel tensions and conflicts around world



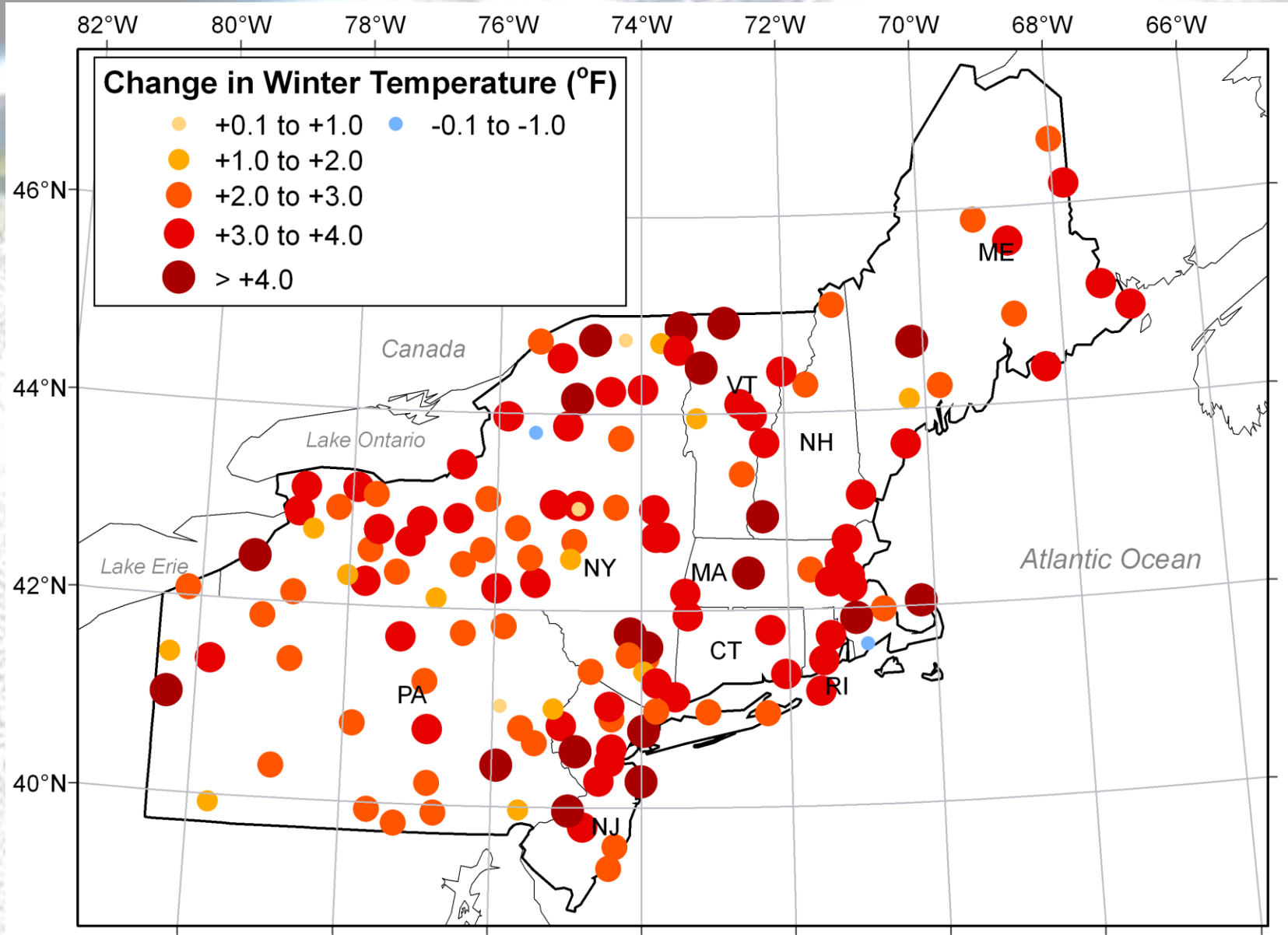
# Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide



# September Arctic Sea Ice Extent 1979 - 2011

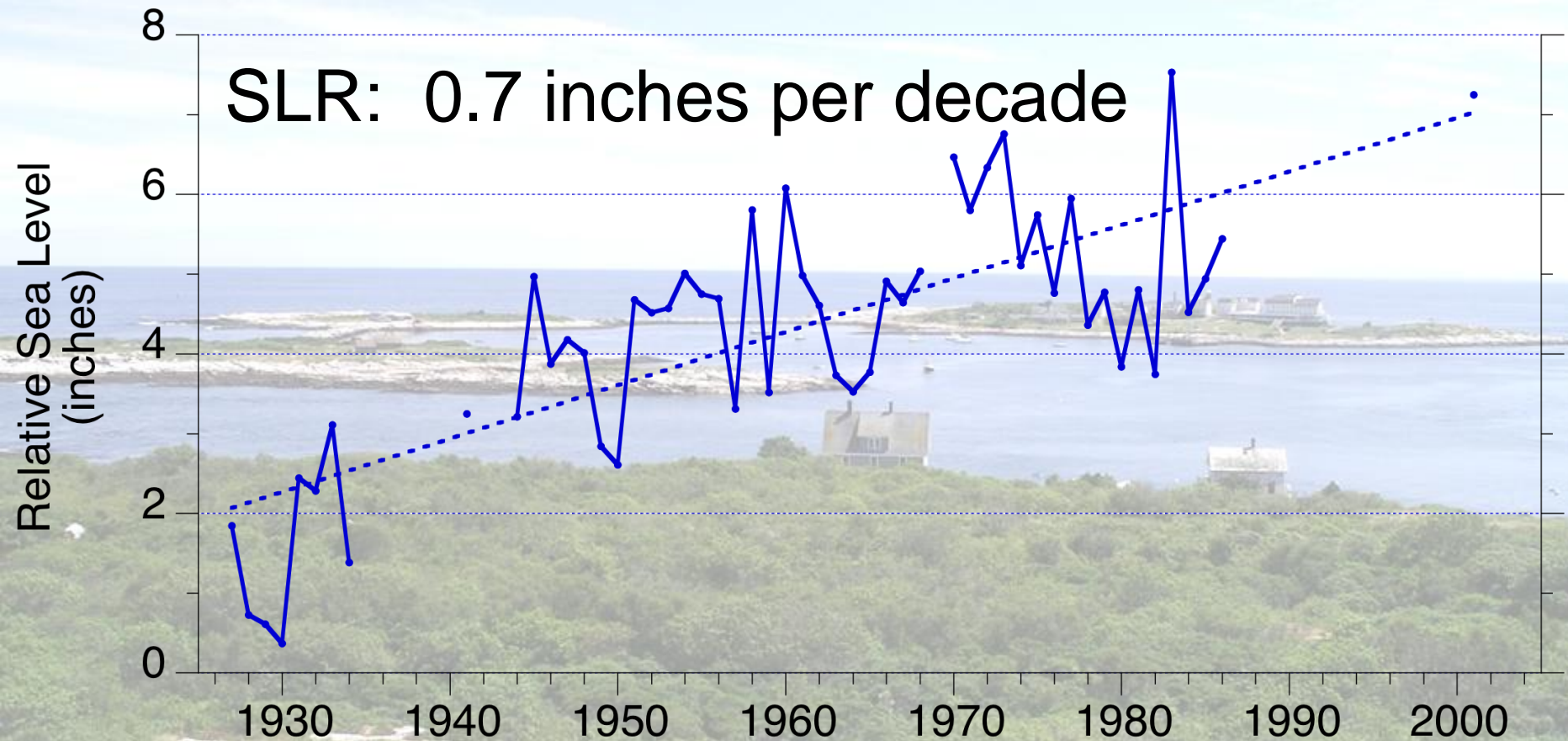


# Northeast Winter Temperature Trends 1965-2008

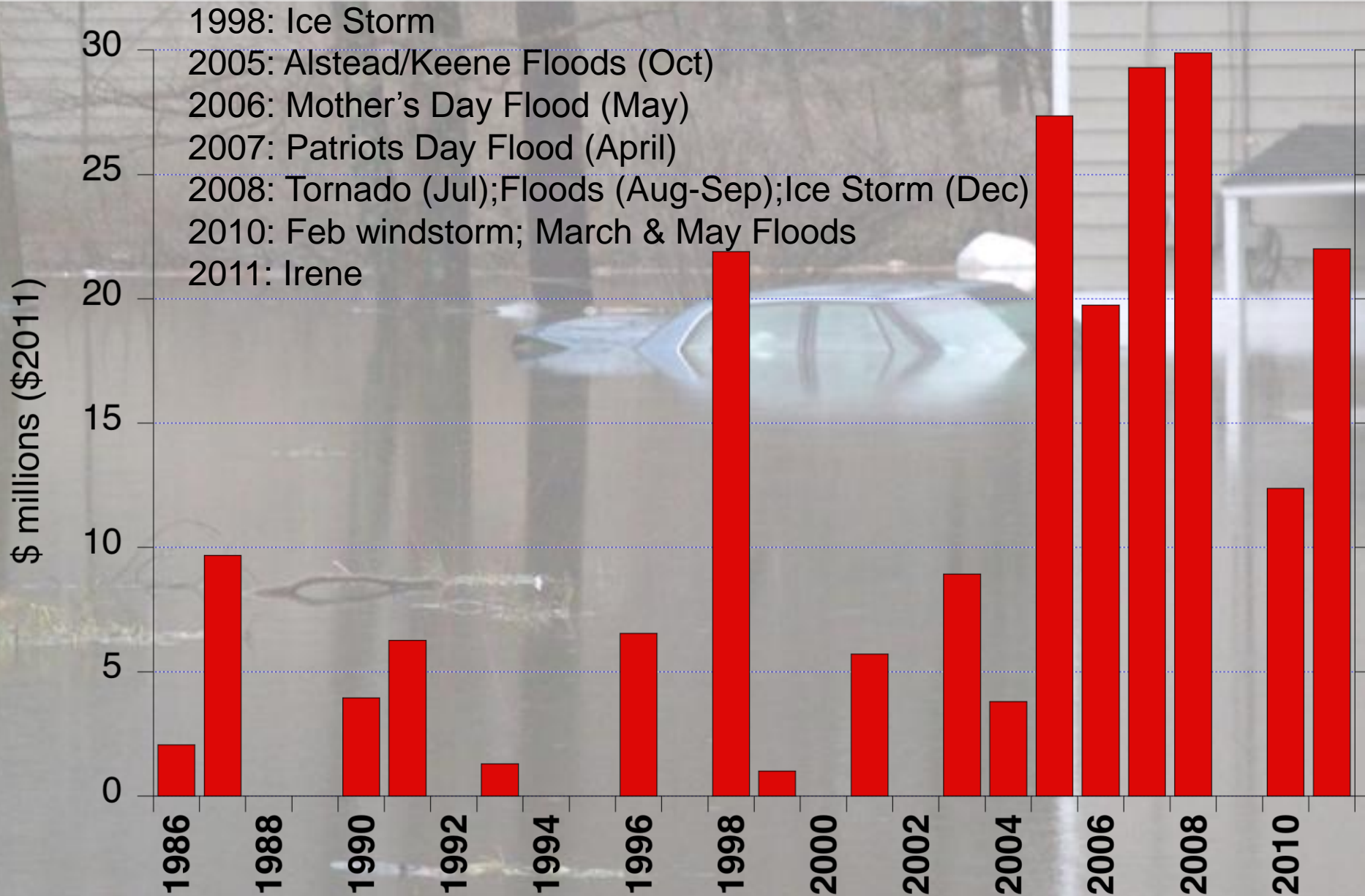




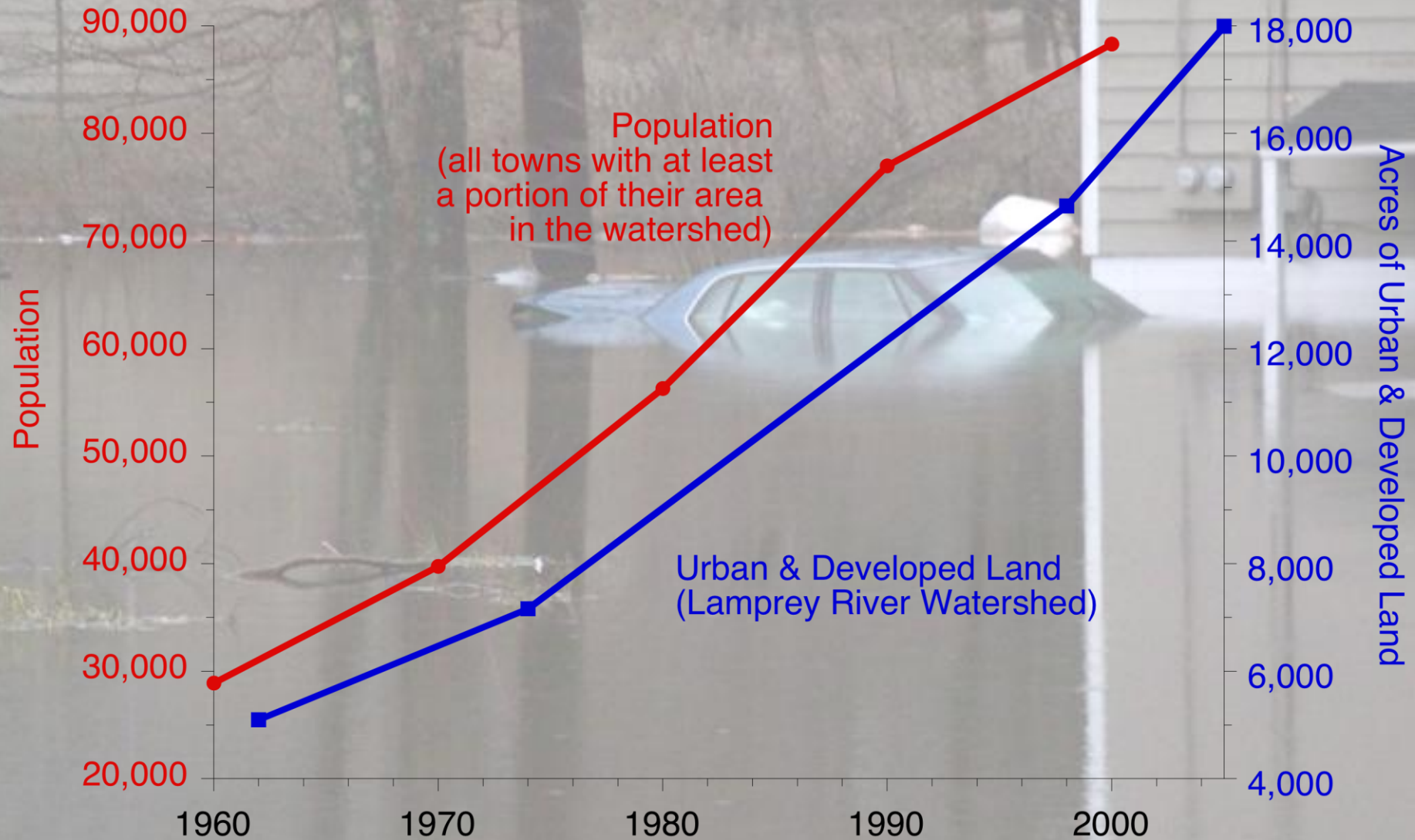
# Sea Level Rise at Portsmouth Harbor 1927 - 2001



# Costs from Presidentially Declared Disasters And Emergency Declarations in NH



# 5 Decades of Population Growth and Development





# Assessing Flood Risk in the Lamprey River Watershed, NH

<http://100yearfloods.org>

UNIVERSITY  
of NEW HAMPSHIRE

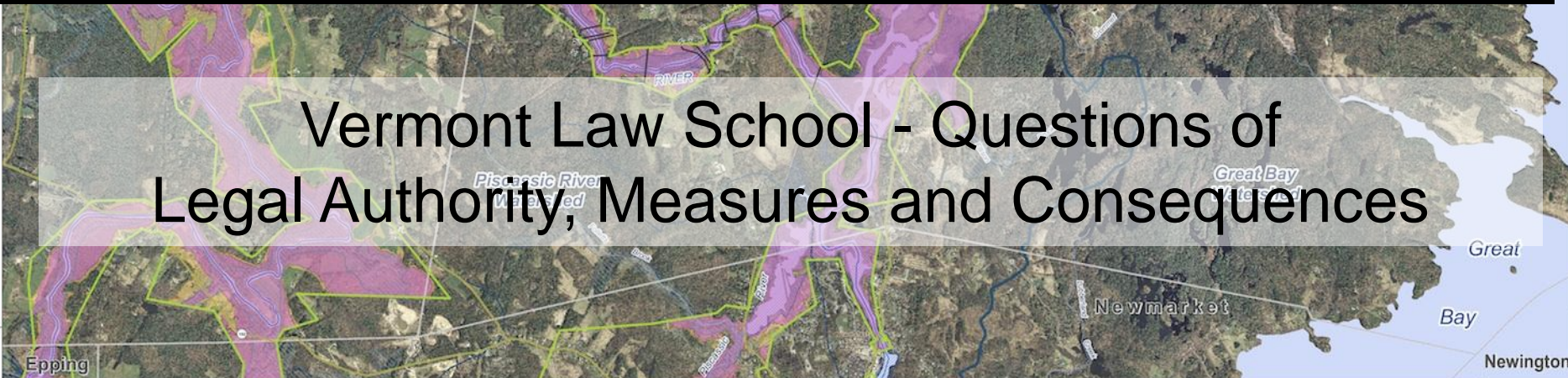
## 100-Year Floodplains in the Lamprey River Watershed: Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Updated (2005) Conditions, and 2100 Conventional Buildout Durham Panel

### Map Description:

This map illustrates the 100-year floodplain for the town of Durham for three conditions: (1) the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) shown with blue cross hatching; (2) the current floodplain based on 2005 land use conditions and updated 100-year 24-hour rainfall of 8.5" shown in pink; and (3) the projected 2100 floodplain based on a conventional buildout scenario (extrapolated from 1962-2005 rates) and modeled future 100-year 24-hour rainfall of 11.4" shown in orange. The map and table below show the increase in the extent of the floodplain based on current and future conditions compared to FIRM conditions.



Flood Studies	100-yr Packers Falls Discharge	100-yr Packers Falls Water Surface Elevation	100-yr Floodplain Area
FIS to 2005	56%	2.7 ft	20%
2005 to 2100	66%	4.4 ft	14%



Vermont Law School - Questions of  
Legal Authority, Measures and Consequences





# Climate Change in the Piscataqua/Great Bay Region: Past, Present, and Future

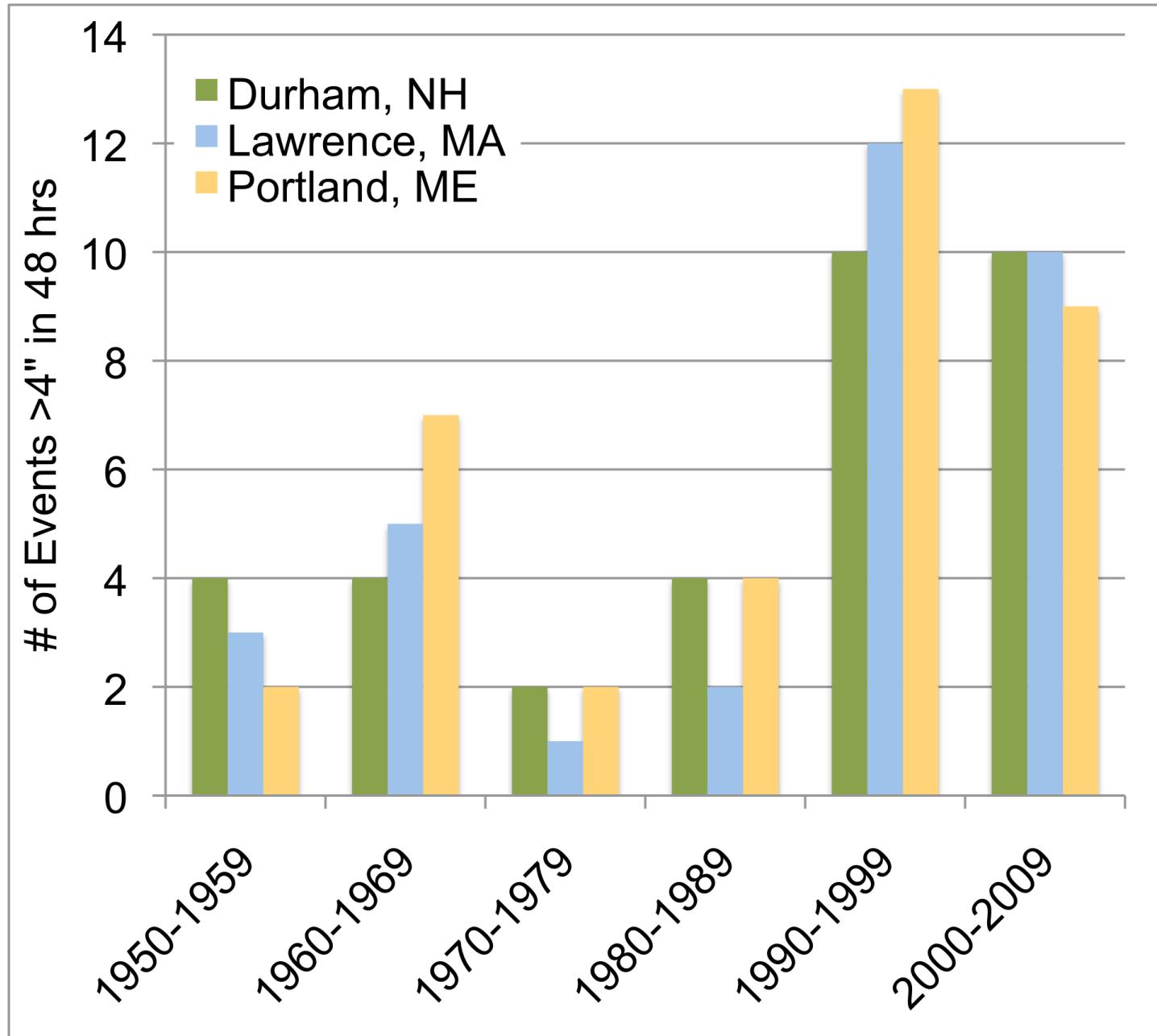


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Katharine Hayhoe & Anne Stoner  
Texas Tech University

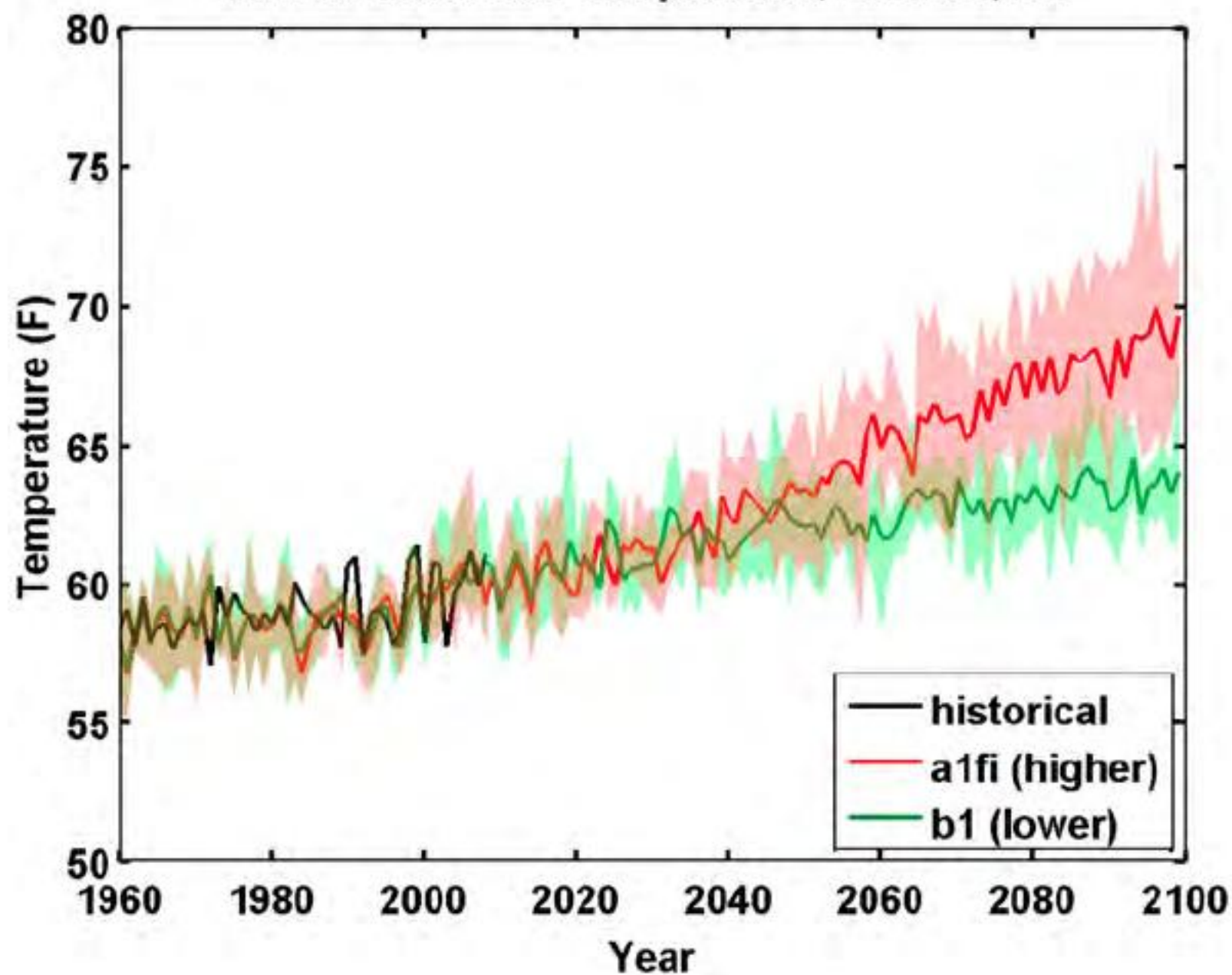
Chris Watson & Ellen Douglas  
UMass Boston

# Extreme Precipitation Events (>4") 1950-2009

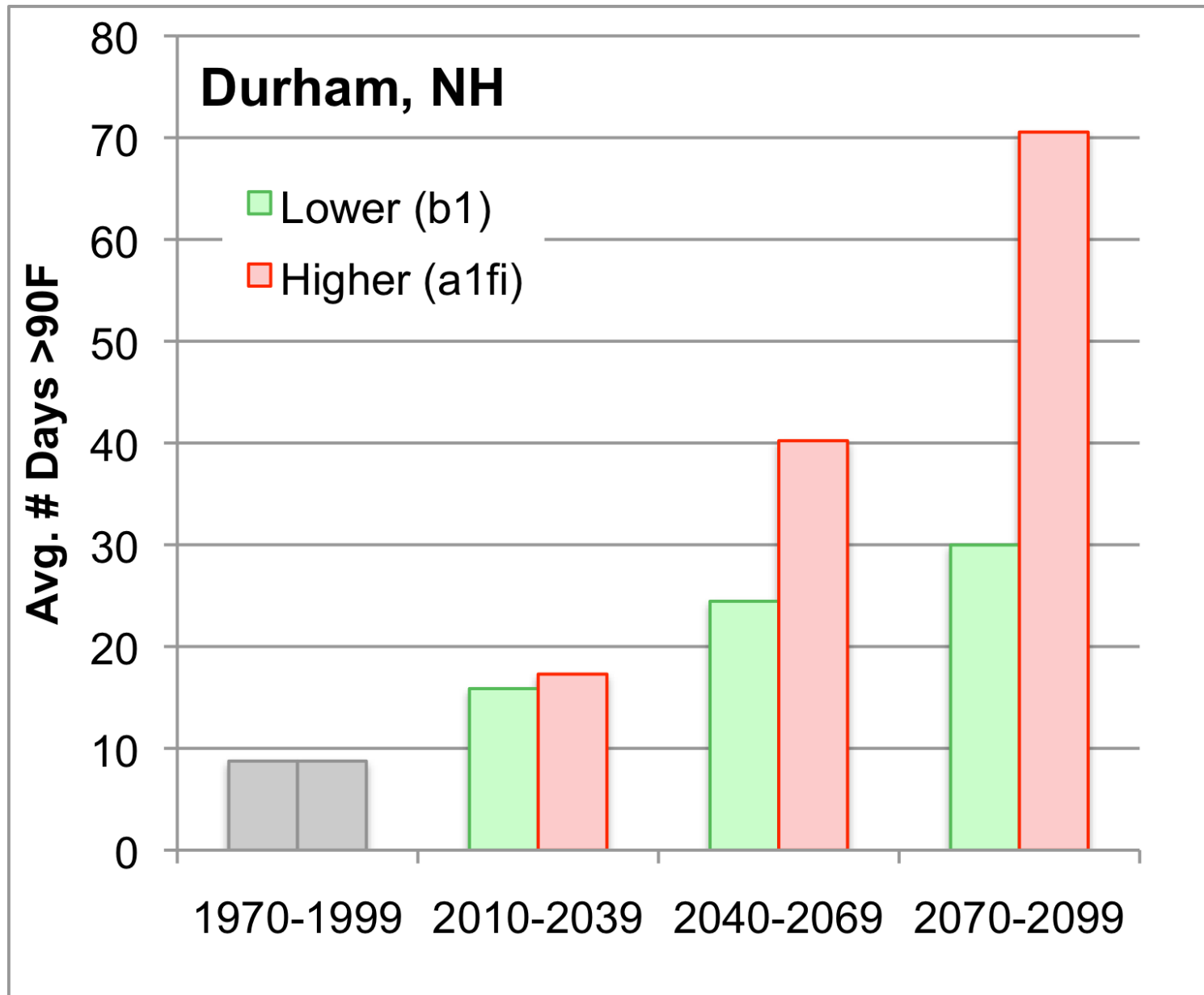




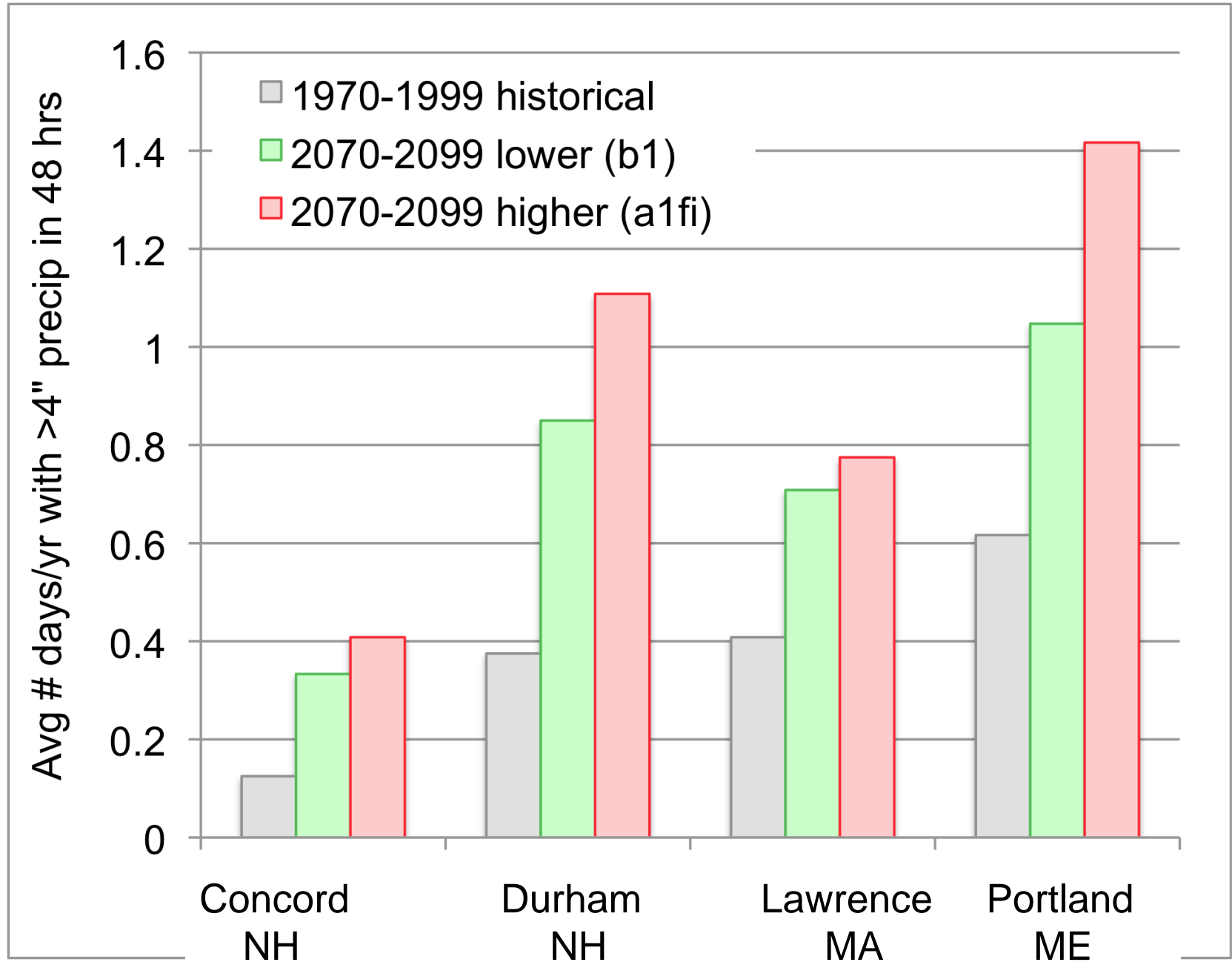
**Annual Maximum Temperature, Durham, NH**



# How Hot Will Summer be in Durham, NH??

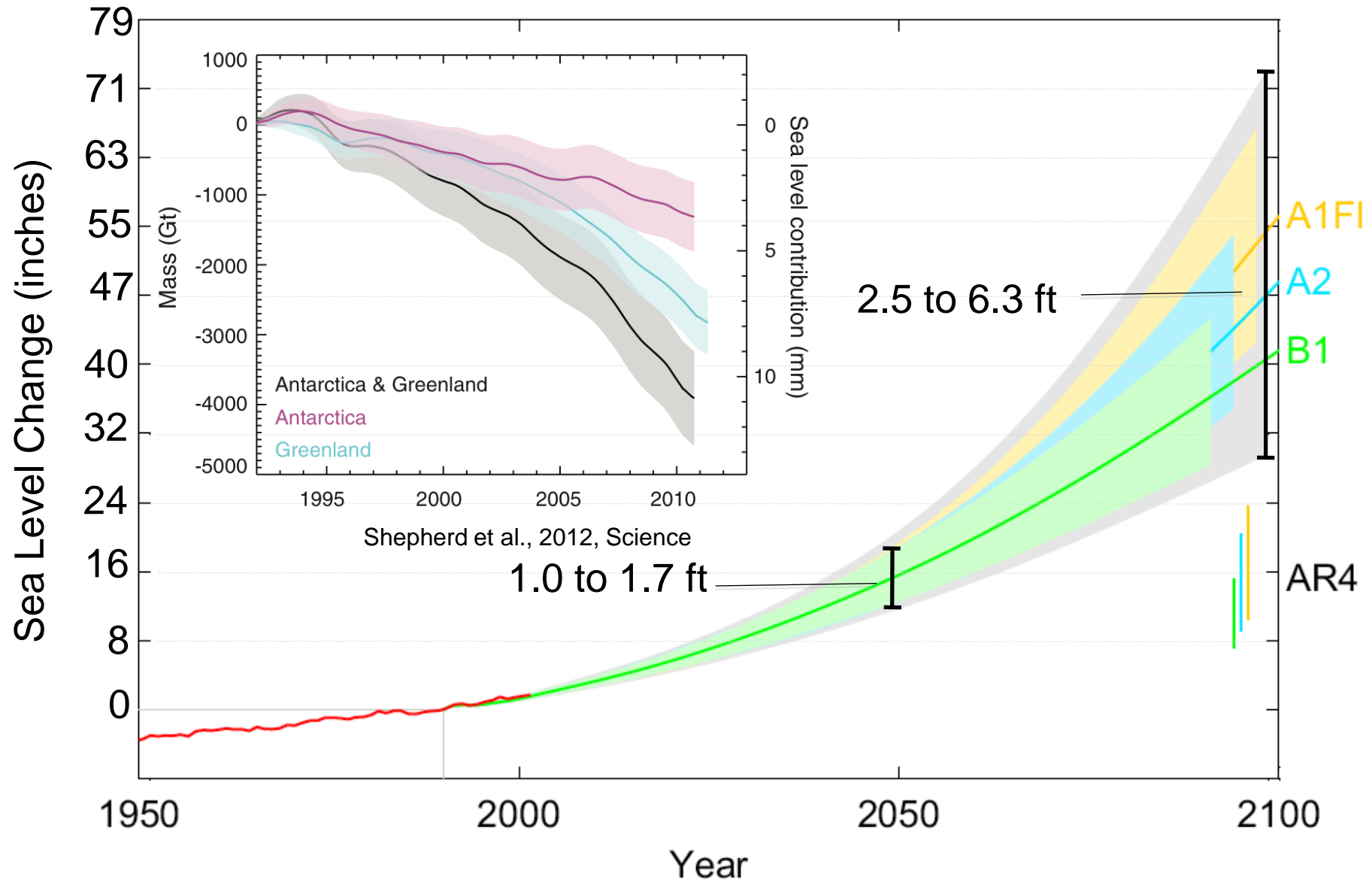


# Projected Changes in Extreme Precipitation



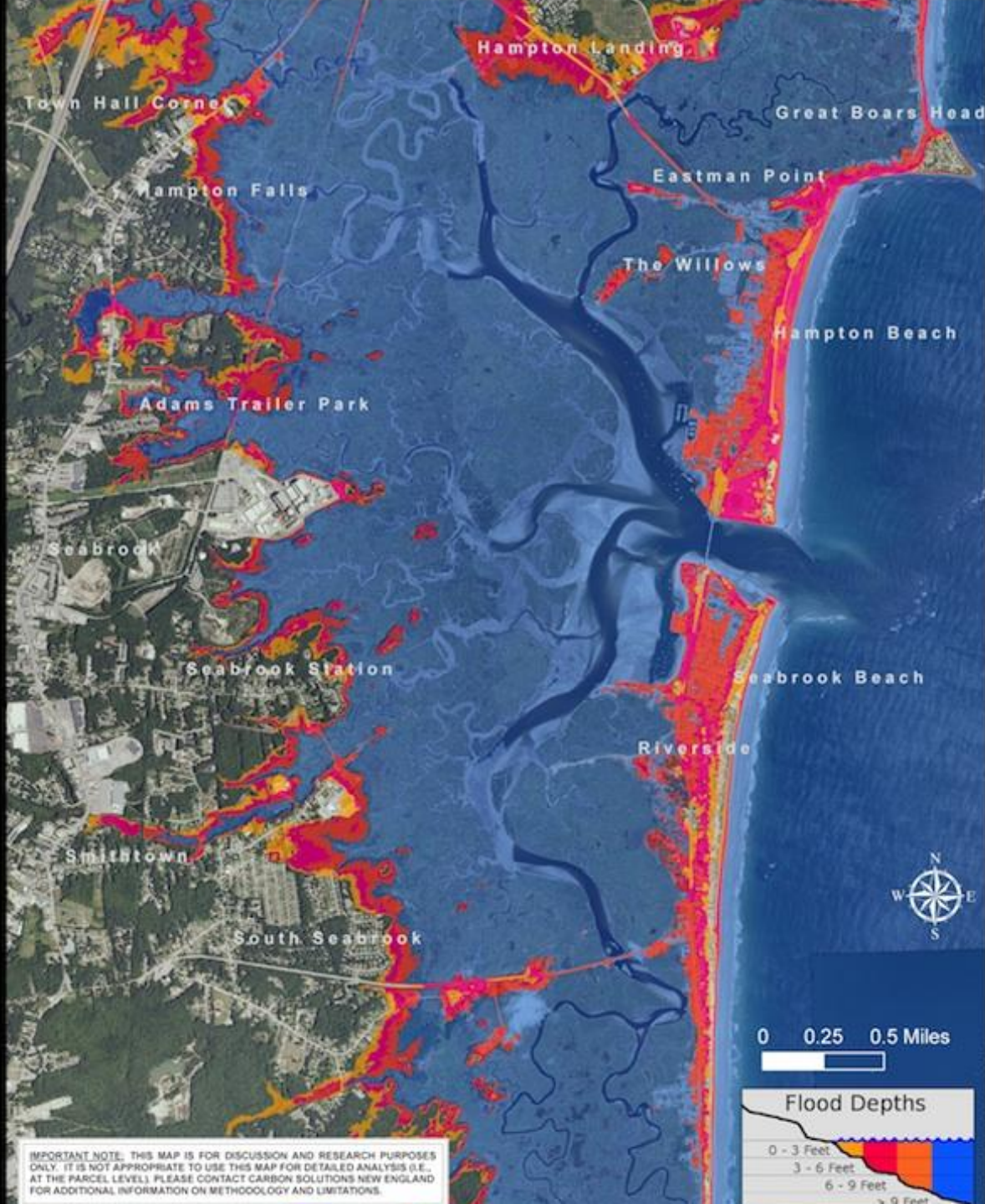


# Projection of Sea Level Rise from 1990 to 2100



# High Tide + 12 feet Hampton & Seabrook, NH

NHPR Story  
9 April 2013 Rising  
Tides in Seabrook, NH  
#nhcoastalclimate





# NH Climate Action Plan

- One of the largest, most diverse collections of leading NH citizens
- Promotes growth of new jobs and renewable energy development
- Reduces energy costs
- Identifies 67 recommended actions
  - buildings
  - electricity generation,
  - transportation & land use
  - natural resources
  - government action
  - adaptation**
- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions
  - 44% below 2005 levels by 2025
  - 86% below 2005 levels by 2050

New Hampshire Climate Change Policy Task Force

## The New Hampshire Climate Action Plan

A Plan for New Hampshire's Energy, Environmental  
and Economic Development Future

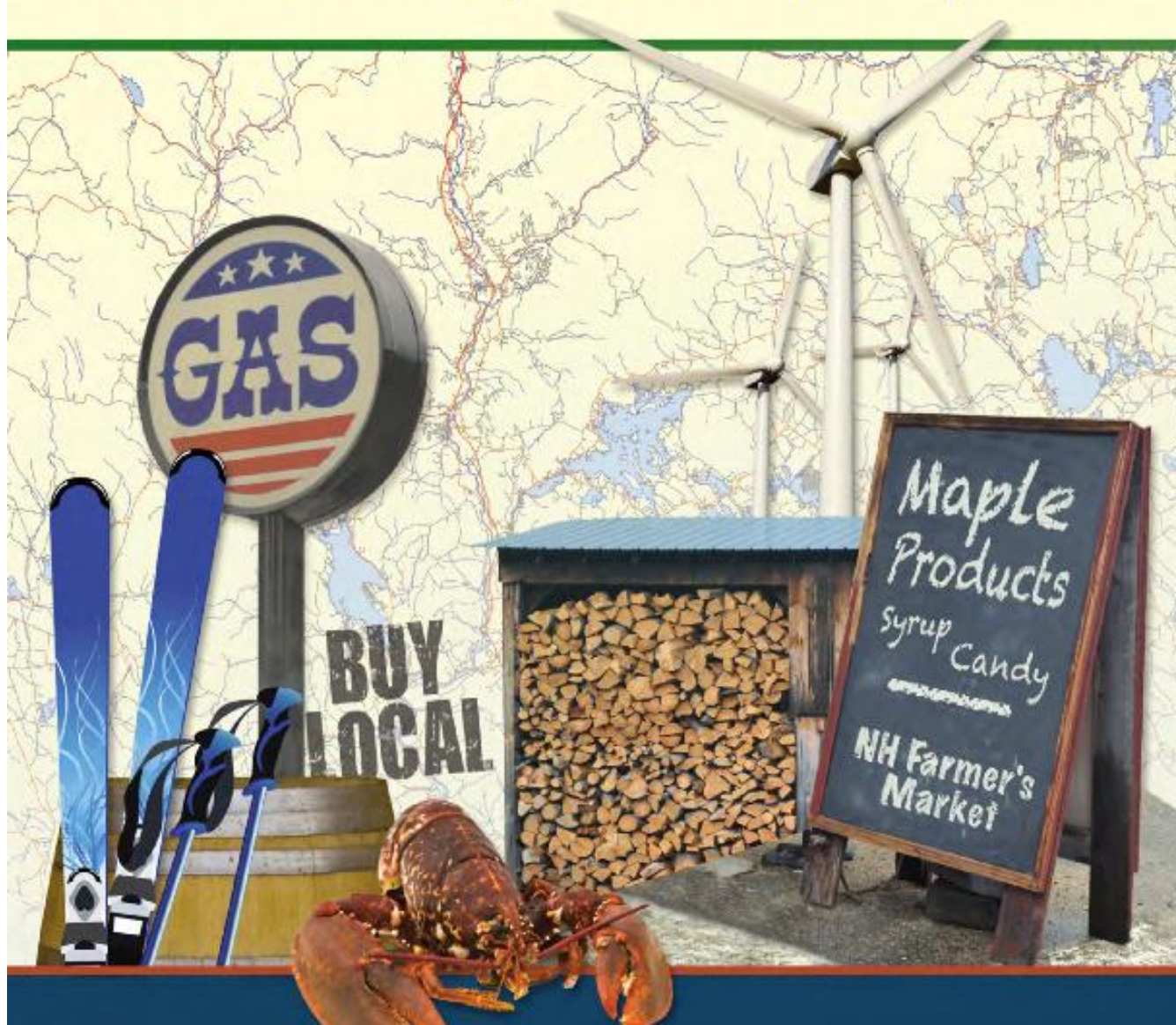


Prepared by NH Department of Environmental Services  
March 2009

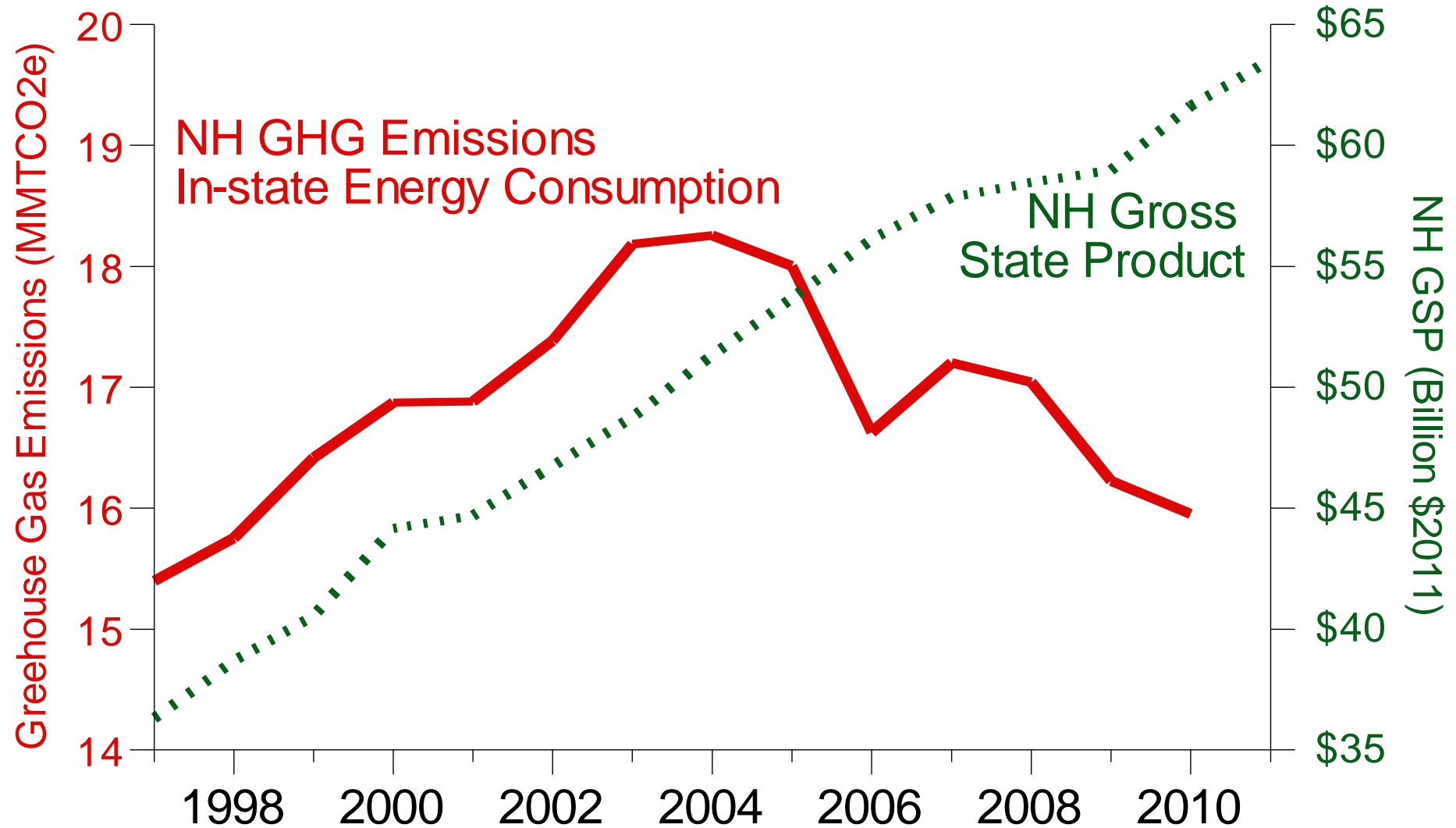
More info at:  
<http://CarbonSolutionsNE.org>



# New Hampshire's Energy, Environmental, and Economic Development Benchmark Report



# Gross State Product & Greenhouse Gas Emissions





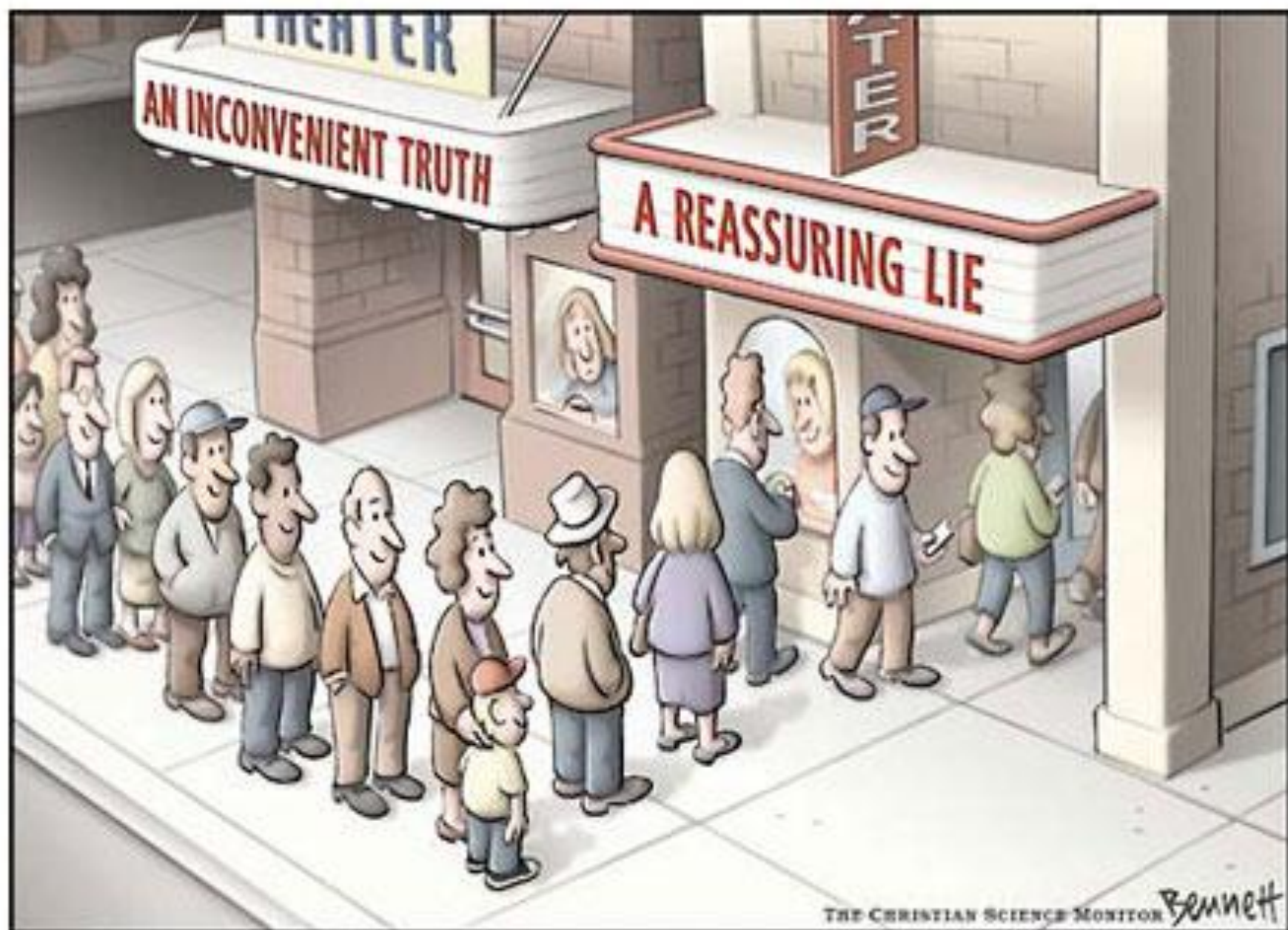
# What path will we take to the future?



Two roads diverged in a wood, and I -  
I took the one less traveled by,  
And that has made all the difference.

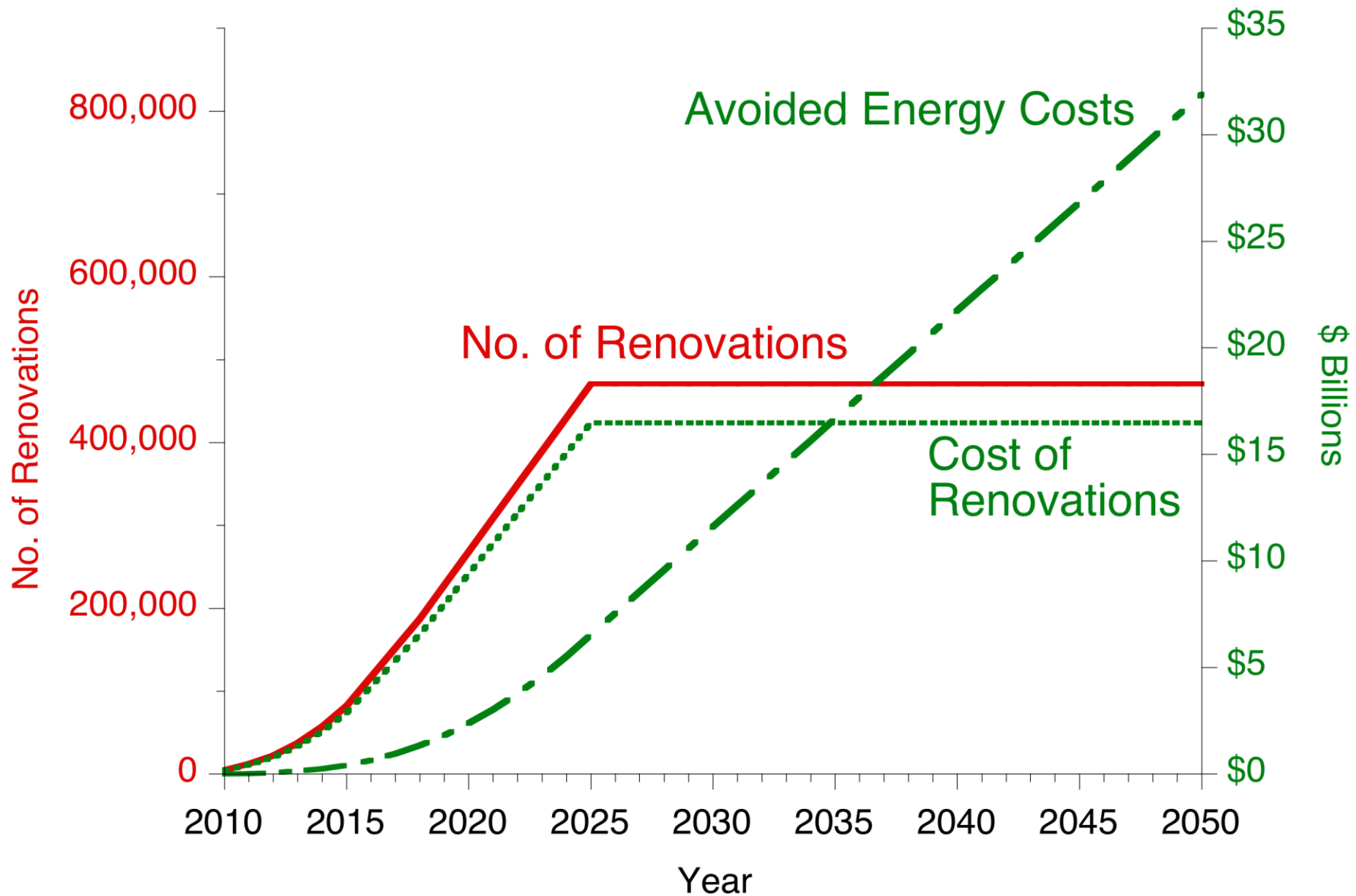
*Robert Frost*





THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR *Bennett*

# Cumulative Costs – NH Residential Building Renovations



# SIGNIFICANT IMPACT!



THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES  
LAND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT  
ALTERATION of TERRAIN BUREAU

29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095

Phone: (603) 271-2147 Fax: (603) 271-6588

Website: <http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/index.htm>

For Permit Status: [http://www2.des.state.nh.us/OneStop/Wastewater\\_Engineering\\_Site\\_Specific\\_Query.aspx](http://www2.des.state.nh.us/OneStop/Wastewater_Engineering_Site_Specific_Query.aspx)



## ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT APPLICATION

### DRAINAGE ANALYSES

Please double-side 8 1/2" x 11" sheets where possible but, **do not** reduce the text such that more than one page fits on one side.

- ☐ PE stamp
- ☐ Rainfall amount obtained from the Northeast Regional Climate Center- <http://precip.eas.cornell.edu/>. Include extreme precipitation table as obtained from the above referenced website.
- ☐ Drainage analyses, in the following order:
  - Pre-development analysis: Drainage diagram
  - Pre-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing
  - Pre-development analysis: Node listing 1-year (if applicable), 2-year, 10-year and 50-year
  - Pre-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm
  - Post-development analysis: Drainage diagram
  - Post-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing
  - Post-development analysis: Node listing for the 2-year, 10-year and 50-year
  - Post-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm



# New Flood Plain Maps and Questions of Legal Authority, Measures and Consequences

## In Collaboration with Vermont Law School

1. What is the potential liability of government if they fail to reduce vulnerability to flood risk based on UNH's information?
2. What legal and policy approaches may communities adopt to reduce flood risks in the expanded flood hazard area?
3. Do NH communities have the legal authority under state legislation to design and implement regulatory controls based on current and projected flooding levels?
4. What legal standard of scientific and technical reliability must be met to support regulatory measures based on current and future environmental conditions?
5. What is the potential regulatory takings exposure of communities if they impose regulatory controls that are designed to address anticipated future environmental conditions?

# NH Climate Action Plan Targets

